COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	ANIMAL BIOSCIENCES				
ACADEMIC UNIT	DEPARTMENT OF ANIMAL SCIENCE				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	Undergraduate [Free Elective]				
COURSE CODE	2226 SEMESTER 7 th				
COURSE TITLE	PRECISION AGRICULTURE TECHNOLOGIES				
if credits are awarded for separate comp laboratory exercises, etc. If the credits are at	ENDENT TEACHING ACTIVITIES If for separate components of the course, e.g. lectures, If the credits are awarded for the whole of the course, give ekly teaching hours and the total credits			EKLY TEACHING HOURS	CREDITS (ECTS)
Lectures and laboratory exercises				5	5
Total				5	5
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the teaching					
methods used are described in detail at (d).					
general background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development PREREQUISITE COURSES:	Skills Dev	elopment			
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS:	Yes (in English)				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL):	-				

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The outcome of the course is the acquisition of knowledge by the students of the Department of Animal Science in the practical application of precision livestock farming technologies. The course content aims to enable students to understand:

- Description of animal positioning systems using GPS and animal monitoring through remote sensing.
- Recording and monitoring of pastures and grazing lands, along with the assessment of their quality.
- Technologies and systems for monitoring animal behavior.
- Description of methods and systems for precision feeding.
- Systems for the early detection of diseases.
- Optimization of housing/environmental control systems (design and construction of bioclimatic livestock facilities, and the use of sensors and appropriate models for optimal control of environmental conditions).
- Livestock farm management systems, early diagnosis of lameness (lameness detection), systems, sensors, modes of use and application, disease diagnosis, and utilization of results.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear

below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, Project planning and management

with the use of the necessary technology

Adapting to new situations

Respect for difference and multiculturalism

Respect for the natural environment

Decision-making Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender

Working independently issues

Team work Criticism and self-criticism

Working in an international environment Production of free, creative and inductive thinking

Working in an interdisciplinary environment

Production of new research ideas Others...
.....

The thirteen (13) laboratory exercises within the framework of the course require both teamwork and independent work.

The discussion of students' answers to the 13 laboratory exercises takes place before the entire class, thereby fostering critical
and self-critical thinking.

(3) SYLLABUS

Precision Agriculture Technologies for Monitoring Grazing Animals

- i. Description of animal positioning systems using GPS
- ii. Animal monitoring using remote sensing
- iii. Recording and monitoring of pastures and grazing lands using remote sensing, including quality assessment
- iv. Technologies for monitoring animal behavior
- v. Technologies for measuring the weight of grazing animals
- vi. Information systems for livestock farm management

Precision Agriculture Technologies in Animal Housing

- i. Description of methods and systems for precision feeding
- ii. Systems for early disease detection
- iii. Optimization of housing systems
- iv. Design and construction of bioclimatic livestock facilities, using sensors and appropriate models for optimal environmental control
- v. Livestock farm management systems
- vi. Early detection of lameness: systems, sensors, methods of use and application, disease diagnosis, and utilization of results

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

TEACHING METHOD Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc. USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students TEACHING METHOD In the classroom Use of PowerPoint slides and video presentations. Communication with students via e-mail. Support of the learning process through access to e-class, online databases, etc.

communication with stadents		
TEACHING METHODS The manner and methods of teaching are	Activity	Semester workload
e e		worktoad
described in detail.	Lectures	39
Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice,	Laboratory oversions	26
fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography,	Laboratory exercises	26
tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art	Autonomous study	60
workshop, interactive teaching, educational		
visits, project, essay writing, artistic	Course total (25 h of workload per ECTS)	125
creativity, etc.		

The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non-directed study according to the principles of the ECTS

STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

Description of the evaluation procedure

Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other

Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.

I. The language of assessment is Greek.

- II. The grade for the theoretical component is determined 80% or 100% by the final written examination, which includes:
- a. Essay questions
- b. Short-answer questions
- c. Multiple-choice questions

and 0-20% by a project presentation.

- III. The grade for the laboratory component is determined 100% by the final written examination, which includes:
- a. Essay questions
- b. Short-answer questions
- c. Multiple-choice questions

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested Bibliography:

- Halachmi, I., 2015. Precision Livestock Farming Applications: Making Sense of Sensors to Support Farm Management. Wageningen Academic Publishers.
- Fountas, S., & Gemtos, Th., 2015. Precision Agriculture. Kallipos, Greek Academic Publications. Ebook.