Methods of Animal Breeding [375]

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	ANIMAL BIOSCIENCES					
DEPARTMENT	ANIMAL SCIENCE					
STUDY LEVEL	Undergraduate [Required]					
COURSE CODE	375 SEMESTER 8th					
COURSE TITLE	METHODS OF ANIMAL BREEDING					
INDEPENDENT TEACH	HING ACTIVITIES					
if credits are awarded for separate	components	of the course,	WEEKLY			
e.g. lectures, laboratory exercis	es, etc. If the	credits are	TEACHING	C	REDITS	
awarded for the whole of the cours	e, give the we	ekly teaching	HOURS			
hours and the tot	al credits					
		Theory	3		2	
Laboratory Exercises			3		3	
	6		5			
COURSE TYPE	Scientific area					
(Foundation course, General						
knowledge, Scientific area,						
Developing skills)						
PREREQUISITES	-					
LANGUAGE	GREEK					
IS THE COURSE OFFERED for	YES					
ERASMUS STUDENTS?						
COURSE WEB PAGE	https://oeclass.aua.gr/eclass/courses/EZPY122/					
TEACHING STAFF:	ANTONIOS KOMINAKIS, PANAGIOTA KOUTSOULI, ARIADNI LOUKIA-HAGER					

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

Upon successful completion of the course, students will be able (according to Bloom) to:

- 1. Explain animal performance recording methods and their importance (Knowledge / Comprehension).
- 2. Describe why and how phenotypic values of various reproductive and production traits can be adjusted for systematic environmental effects (Knowledge / Comprehension / Application).
- 3. Explain the concept of breeding values and apply methods for their estimation (Knowledge / Application).
- 4. Explain the principles of artificial selection and analyze how populations evolve under directional selection (**Knowledge / Analysis**).
- Explain the concept of crossbreeding and compare various crossbreeding systems (Knowledge / Comprehension / Analysis).
- 6. Explain the concept of inbreeding and evaluate its effects at the genetic and phenotypic level (Knowledge / Analysis / Evaluation).
- 7. Understand and apply the principles of conservation genetics, including strategies to maintain maximum effective population size and minimize inbreeding (**Knowledge / Application / Evaluation**).

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology

Project planning and management

Respect for difference and multiculturalism

Adapting to new situations
Decision-making
Working independently
Team work
Working in an international

Working in an international environment Working in an interdisciplinary environment Production of new research ideas Respect for the natural environment

Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender .

issues

Criticism and self-criticism

Production of free, creative and inductive thinking

Others...

The 13 exercises (practical) combine individual and group working ability.

- Individual and group assignments are aimed at enhancing students' skills development associated with the ability to search, combine, and present scientific information mined from references and the internet.
- Group assignments are presented in class and are followed by detailed analysis and discussion aiming at the development of students' critical thinking.

(3) SYLLABUS

- Methods of animal performance recording
- Methods for adjusting records for fixed effects
- Breeding values (BVs): definition, methods of estimation, and accuracy of estimation of BVs
- Pure breeding: directional selection, selection differential, selection response, selection intensity, direct and indirect selection response, genomic selection
- Crossbreeding: heterosis, hybrid vigor, systems of crossbreeding (terminal and rotational)
- Inbreeding: coefficient of inbreeding, inbreeding depression, effective population size, methods of minimum inbreeding

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY	Face-to-face class teaching					
Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.						
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Use of ICT in teaching, e-class tools during practical and communication with students					
COMMUNICATIONS						
TECHNOLOGY						
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education,						
communication with students						
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload				
The manner and methods of teaching are	lectures	39				
described in detail.	Practical in class groups	30				
Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice,	Group assignments (max 4 students)	10				
fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography,	Individual assignments	10				
tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art	Individual study	22				
workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic	Course total (25 h of workload per ECTS)	125				
The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non-directed study according to the principles of the ECTS						
STUDENT PERFORMANCE						
EVALUATION	Evaluation is performed in the Greek language.					
Description of the evaluation procedure	The final theory grade is a weighted average of group assignment scores (25%) and fina of written exam scores (75%). The written exam is in the form of multiple-choice questions.					
Language of evaluation, methods of						
evaluation, summative or conclusive,						
multiple choice questionnaires, short-	The final practical grade is a weighted average of individual assignment scores (10%)					
answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report,	and progress exam scores (90%) or 100% final written exam scores.					
oral examination, public presentation,						
laboratory work, clinical examination of						
patient, art interpretation, other						
Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are						
given, and if and where they are accessible to students.						
studonts.						

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested bibliography:
- E. Rogdakis, 2006: Animal Breeding, Stamoulis, Edts.
- Banos, G, 2010. Basic Principles of Genetics and Heredity.
- Bourdon R. M. (2000): Understanding Animal Breeding (second edition), Prentice Hall.
- Related academic journals:
- o Journal of Animal Science
- o Journal of Animal Breeding and Genetics
- o Journal of Dairy Science
- o Journal of Applied Genetics